



USMC Expeditionary Airfield Lighting Update LED Approach and Runway Lighting Systems

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Presented to:

IESALC

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USMC EAF Program Mission



Provide Expeditionary Surfacing, Recovery, Lighting, and Terminal Guidance systems

Provide for the continued development, acquisition, integration and lifecycle support of systems to meet the United States Marine Corps (USMC) Expeditionary Airfield (EAF) requirements at multiple landing sites

- Provides the Marine Air-Ground Task Force (MAGTF) with the flexible capability to rapidly deploy and establish survivable, self sustaining airfields for Marine Air Combat Elements (ACEs)
- Provides support to the Maritime Prepositioned Forces for contingency operations abroad

"Shore-based aviation weapons support system which permits deployment of landing force aircraft within effective range of ground forces."





PMA A L R E 251

EAF Lighting Capabilities Comparison

Specification

UFC **3-260**



VIPIR

Intensity (cd)

15 (3.25 nm)

FAA LIRL



L94

25

(3.9 nm)

NATO **3534**

FAA



MOSLS

A704-VL



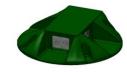
50 (4.9 nm)

125 (6.5 nm)

MIRL

FAA

HIRL



Legacy

RLS



10,000 (17+ nm)



Reasons for Change



- Obsolescence
 - Unique incandescent fixtures
 - Antiquated manufacturing processes
 - Mechanical flash timers
 - Xenon flash tubes



"Legacy" Runway Edge Light

- USMC Requirement to Support Deployed Category-I (CAT-I) Operations
 - Portable ASR/PAR system (ATNAVICS)
- Non-standard Approach Light Configurations
 - Could not support IFR flight operations during OEF/OIF





Sustainment Lighting System (SLS)

- Provides CAT I IFR capability, full NVD compatibility, and low energy consumption
 - Maintains and improves upon existing infrastructure
 - Continue using Legacy Hardwired system for runways with incremental improvements
 - Continue using fielded MOSLS for VTOL sites until replaced
- ACAT IV(M) Approach Lighting System (ALS)
 - LED MALSR, REIL, and CCR
- NVD Compatible Runway Lighting System (RLS)
 - LED Runway lights with IR and Flush Deck mounting
- LED Airfield
 - Commercial solutions to include solar Taxiway, Obstruction, and Vertical Takeoff and Landing (VTOL) Lights, Precision Approach Path Indicator (PAPI), Omni-Directional Approach Light System (ODALS), Wind Cones, and Signs



Program Objectives



- Priority = Approach Lighting Systems (ALS)
 - Refurbished Legacy runway lights could support for short term
 - Leverage COTS technologies and processes as much as possible
 - Develop power and control infrastructure
 - Apply any "lessons learned" to future runway lights
 - "System" to include complete MALSR, REIL and CCR



"Legacy" Approach & Strobe Barrette

USMC Challenges

- Visible and covert capability
- Weather-proof and "lightweight" CCR

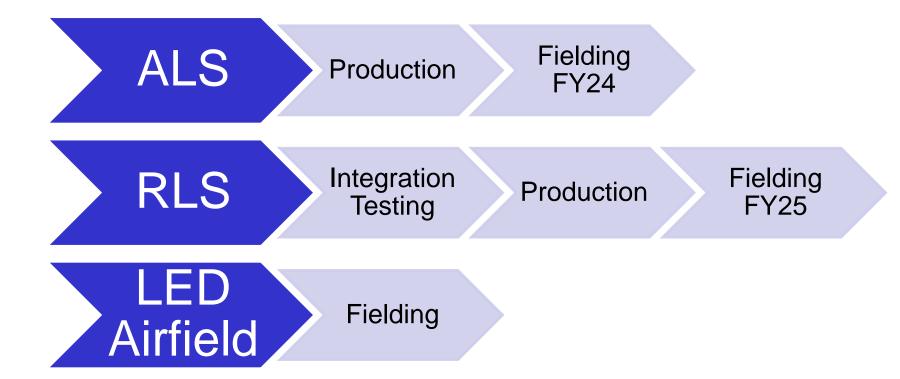
USMC Advantages

- No requirement for "backwards compatibility"
 - Power, control or fixture form factor
- Trained on constant-current circuits





Sustainment Lighting System Status





ALS Components MALSR Threshold and Steady-Burn



- MALSR Threshold and Steady-Burn Fixture
 - Identical except for Light Engine (LED color)
 - Automatic heater gasket on window
 - Center IR LED
 - ~ 30-W per fixture









ALS Components REIL / MALSR-SFL



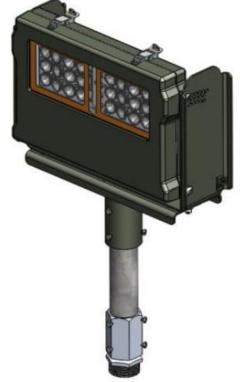
REIL / MALSR-SFL Fixture

- Flash synchronization regulated by CCR output waveform
- REIL or SFL function (internal DIP switch setting)
- Automatic heater gasket on window
- Center IR LED
- ~ 150-W per fixture











ALS Testing



- Developmental Testing
 - FAA-E-2980 and AC150/5345-51-derived photometrics
 - MIL-STD-810 "qualification" criteria
 - Passed with minor corrections
- Integration Testing
 - Marine Corps Air Ground Combat Center (MCAGCC), Twentynine Palms, CA
 - 8000-ft AM2 Matting runway with taxiways and parking ramps
 - Installed prior to "Integrated Training Exercise (ITX)" SEP 2019
 - Complete system installation (MALSR r/w 10; REIL r/w 28)
 - Limited fixed-wing flights
 - No ATC Services
 - "NVG operations are VFR only"
 - Consideration for the future
 - System has remained installed
 - Largely VFR operations, but system continues to receive positive feedback
- FAA Testing (Future)
 - Evaluate MALSR at MCAGCC ,Twentynine Palms, CA

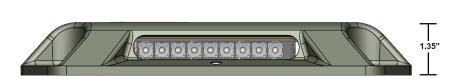


RLS Components Runway Edge & Threshold/End Light



"Flapjack" Fixture

- Meet L-862(L) & L-862E(L) performance
- "Overt NVD" to allow "under the goggles" viewing ("<B1" intensity)
- Maintain a low-profile fixture
 - Eliminate frangible couplings
 - Allow installation near Arresting Gear
- Interchangeable LED modules
 - Straight or "toed" mounting
 - 9-LED Array, 8 vis + 1 IR
- Automatic heater gasket on window
- ~50-W per fixture





"Legacy" Threshold fixture vs. "Flapjack"



"Legacy Pancake" fixture vs. "Flapjack"



RLS Cable Covers



Interface with Portable Arresting Gear

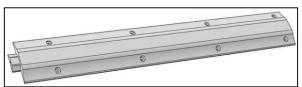
- Difficult to replicate "Legacy" fixture
- Cable Cover design in Integration Testing



"Legacy Flush-Deck" fixture

- Down-selecting material during RLS IT at Twentynine Palms
 - ABS Plastic cheaper, light, but may degrade under severe environments and usage
 - Aluminum proven material from legacy usage, but heavier and more expensive





"Bare Base" concept



Damage from Tape Connector



ALS/RLS Components CCR & Power Distribution System



- 4kW Ferro-Resonant CCR w/ QUADCON-based Distribution System
 - Single design to accommodate 3-step and 5-step configurations
 - De-rated to 3.33kW to allow headroom for ASK operation (fixed 5.5-A)
 - Selectable output to support bi-directional runway ("A" or "B" loop)
 - Environmentally sealed









RLS Testing



- Developmental Testing
 - AC 150/5345-46 photometrics
 - MIL-STD-810 "qualification" criteria
 - Passed with minor corrections
 - Arresting Gear interface evaluation
 - Confirmed requirement for "Cable Cover"



Photometric Testing



Trafficking evaluation



Arresting Gear Purchase Tape evaluation



RLS Testing



- Integration Testing
 - Installed with ALS at Twentynine Palms Jan 2023
 - Performance has received positive feedback
 - Water intrusion occurred on some fixtures due to manufacturing defect
 - FRACAS on-going and fixtures are being replaced
 - Cable covers installed for evaluation and material down-select
 - Final LED component for full LED airfield
 - Power usage improved from 80kW to 12kW









LED Airfield Upgrade



Solar Suite



Handheld Controller



Pilot Control Lighting (PCL)
- Lakehurst



A704 VL - Bogue



L-806 Wind Cone
- Bridgeport



Portable Airfield Lighting Trailer (PALT)
- Lakehurst

Economy Approach Aids



ODALS



LED PAPI



Taxiway, Runway Distance Marker and Arresting Gear Marker Signs







- Man-Portable Lighting
 - Currently fielded: Adventure Lights Visual Identification Projector, Infrared (VIPIR)
 - Low intensity, self-contained LZ/MOS lighting system
 - Preferred characteristics:
 - Power source: commercial battery
 - Rechargeable without impact to portability
 - Solar recharge capability preferred
 - Cannot be lithium ion
 - Battery life: 12+ hours
 - Wireless remote and integral control
 - Multiple intensities
 - Compatibility with AN/AVS-9 B/C Night Vision Devices (NVD)
 - Multiple colors: red, blue, white, and green
 - RFI to be released to industry once USMC requirements are firmed up



Unique Challenges to EAF



- Wildlife Damage to Secondary Cables
 - Above-ground installation
 - Incidents have <u>ACCELERATED</u> in recent years
 - #1 Maintenance concern



Solutions or Advice?







Acknowledgements & Thanks



- NAVAIR Lakehurst Photometrics and Laser Labs
- Naval Flight Information Group (NAVFIG)
- Federal Aviation Administration
 - Flight Safety R&D
 - Lighting Systems
 - Flight Operations
- USMC EAF Lighting Marines
- Industry Partners



MWSS-374 Marines installing REIL